Government of Maharashtra

Fife No.: SEAC 2010/CR 468/TC.2. Environment department, Room No. 217, 216 floor, Mantralaya Annexe, Mumbai 400 032 Date: 296 March, 2011

To, M/s. Reddy Builders and Developers Reddy House, 1st Roor, Opp. Dena Bank, Marve Road, Oriem, Mulad (W) Mumbai - 64 Maharashtra

Subject: Proposed Development for Shri Ganesha Ekta SRA CHS & Omkar, Tanaji and Kranti SRA CHS Lid" at Goregoon (W), Mumbai by M/s. Reddy Builders and Developers - Environmental clearance regarding.

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This has reference to your communication dated 14th June, 2010 on the above mentioned subject. The proposal was considered as per the EIA Notification - 2006, by the State Level Expert Appraisal Committee, Maharashtra in its 29th & 30th meetings and decided to recommend the project for prior environmental clearance to SEIAA. Information submitted by you has been considered by State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority in its 31th meeting held on 26th November, 2010.

2. It is noted that the proposal is for grant of Environmental Clearance for Proposed Development for "Shri Ganesha Ekta SRA CHS & Onnkar, Tanaji and Kranti SRA CHS Lid" at Goregaon (W), Mumbal by M/s. Reddy Builders and Developers. SEAC considered the project under screening category 8(a) as par EIA Notification 2006.

Brief Information of the project is summarized as below-Proposed Development for Shri Ganesha Ekta SRA CHS & Omkar, Name of the Project 1: Tanaji and Kranti SRA CHS Ltd" Project Proponent Mrs. Reddy Builders and Developers C.T.S. No 49 (pt.), 50 -A (pt.) & 55 (pt.), at. Village Pahadi Location the Goregson, Yashwant Nagar, Teen Dongri, Goregaon (W), Mumbaiproject Type of Project Construction Project Total Plot area 19.260 Sa. in. built up area. P\$1 area: 50,151 46 Sq. mt. . FSI Free area; 61,374,94 Sq. mt. Total construction built up area: 1.11.52h 40 Sq. mt. Estimated cost of the : ₹ 117.78 Ct project No. of Buildings Rehabilitation Component: 4 Nos. of Rehab buildings with Gr. + 15 floors, with 54th

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Sale building; one with four wings (1 basement + 5 stilts + 1 podium + 35 upper floors) with 260 flats

Water Requirement: Fresh water, 465 m'/day.; Recycled water: 244 m'/day

Source: MCGM/ Recycled water.

Wastewater generated: 606 m3/ day:

The wastewater generated from the proposed project will be treated in two divings treatment

Capacity of STP: Rehab: STP of Capacity 500 m & For Sale: STP of Capacity 200 m Treated water will be used for flushing & gardening within the project site. Excess rested sewage 244 m1/ day will be disposed to municipal sewer line.

Roin water Harvesting

- · 8 Nos of recharge pits.
- Ground Water Authority aboth be introdicid for (teal, placed or appropriate rates day hervesting technology.

Storm water drainage

- · Quantity of storm water, 0.35 m /Sec.
- Size of SWID: Internal SWD Capacity (0.53 m/sec.)

Solid Waste Generation:

Construction Phase:

- Debris: This material shall be used for back filling and leveling of the plot and termining will be disposed to authorized sites.
- · Top soil shall be preserted and repsed with in the site for landscaming.

Operation Phase

- Dry sprancity :- 70% in the law
- Wet quantity :- 1624 kg/day
- STP sludge : 91 kg/day
- Biomedical waste: 5 kg/day

Disposal:

- Wer garbage will be treated in a Vessel Composting (OWC).
- The dry garbage will be handed over to authorized recyclers.
- Waste oil which is generated due to usage of DG sets shall be stored and subsequently given to the authorized hazardous waste management agencies recognized by MPCB.

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Dried sludge from STP will be used as manure

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Biomedical waste will be disposed as per BMW handling rules.

Energy:

- Connected load: 5224 KW; Maximum demand: 4885 KW
- 2 nos, of D. G. Set of capacity of 500 KVA & 630 KVA shall be provided for essential load in case of power failure

Energy conservation Measures:

· CFL lamps will be provided by developers in all Rehab buildings.

Transformers located near point of u.c.

Multiple circuits for staircase and common area lighting.

Solar powered hot water system for sale building.

Solar powered lamps for landscape and external lighting

Group control of elevators in sale building

Maximum use of CFL/15 lumps for common areas of sale building

Green Belt Development: 2353.23 sq. mt.: 194 Mis. of new trees with planted.

Traffic Management: Parking Area: 23,486,76 aq. m., 589 nos. of volicies parking will be provided.

Environmental Management Plan

Construction phase: ₹ 18.5 lakhs Operation Phase: Total capital cost for EMP shall be ₹ 144.84 Lakhs and O & M for EMP shall be ₹ 51.96 lakhs

- The proposal has been considered by SEIAA in its 31" meeting & decided to accord environmental clearance to the said project under the provisions of Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 subject to implementation of the following terms and conditions :
 - As per SEAC recommendations local authority should ensure following points while (1) approving plans:

Retaining walls and breast walls design needs to be done carefully to prevent

land slides from the full and failure due to heavy earth pressure.

The flow of the storm water drain from high land is intercepted and channeled and also flooding of lower plots in the vicinity is prevented.

· Due to steep slopes on the site, advantage is taken to create parking space below the podia and to minimize cutting. It may be confirmed that the parking space is optimized and no further reduction in the number of podia is possible

There should be provision of necessary testing equipment for monitoring the quality of drinking water as well as the effluent from STP. The organization for management of EMP for the entire project including schabilitation

This environmental elegrance is issued subject to land use verification. Local (ii) authority / planning authority should ensure this with request to Rules, Regulations, Notifications, Government Resolutions, Circulars, etc. issued if any. This environmental clearance issued with respect to the environmental consideration and it does not mean that State Level Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) approved the proposed land use.

Wet garbage should be treated by Organic waste treatment (OWC) and treated worte (manare) should be utilized in the existing premises for gardening. And, no wet garbage will be disposed outside the premises. Local authority should ensure this:

Project proponent shall ensure completion of STP, MSW disposal facility, green lich (IV) development prior to occupation of the buildings. No physical occupation or allotment will be given unless all above said environmental infrastructure is installed and made functional including water requirement in Para 2. Prior certification from appropriate authority shall be obtained.

Local body should ensure that no occupation certificate will be issued prior to (V) operation of STP/MSW site with due permission of MPCB. Physical possession

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should be given only after completion of environmental & other introduction for which development charges are being collected by local body;

The height, Construction built up area of proposed construction shall be in accordance (VI) with the existing FSLFAR norms of the orban local body & it should ensure the same along with sarrey number before approving layout plan & before according commencement certificate to proposed work. III.B should also ensure the zening permissibility for the proposed project as per the approved development plan of the

"Consent for Establishment" shall be obtained from Maharashtra Pollution Control (vii) Board under Air and Water Act and a copy shall be submitted to the Environment

department before start of any construction work at the site.

All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting (viii) construction activities and to be maintained throughout the construction phase.

A First Aid Room will be provided in the project both during construction and (ix) operation of the project.

Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all (X) necessary intrastructure and facilities such as fuel for conkring, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, creche etc.

Adequate drinking water and sanitary facilities should be provided for construction (xi) workers at the site. Provision should be made for mobile toriets. The safe disposal of wastewater and solid westes generated during the construction phase should be ensured

Arrangement shall be made that waste water and storm water do not get mixed (XII)

All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in hornculture / landscape development within the project site.

Additional soil for leveling of the proposed site shall be generated within the sites tro (XIV) the extent possible) so that natural drainage system of the area is protected and improved.

Green Belt Development shall be carried out considering CPCB guidelines including selection of plant species and in consultation with the local DFO/ Agriculture Dept.

Disposal of mack during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.

Soil and ground water samples will be tested to ascertain that there is no threat to ground water quality by leaching of heavy metals and other toxic contaminants.

(xviii) Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hizardors materials must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses and the dumpsites for such material must be secured so that they should not leach into the ground water.

Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase should be disposed off as (NIX) per applicable rules and fairnis with necessary approvals of the Maharashtra Pollution

Control Board.

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The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase should be low sulphus (XX) diesel type and should conform to Environments (Protection) Rules prescribed for air and noise conssion mandards.

The diesel required for operating DG sets shall be stored in uniderground tanks and if

required, clearance from contern authority shall be taken.

(xxii) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards and should be operated only during nonpeak hours.

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(xxiii) Ambient noise levels should confoun to residential standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality should be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures should be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/MPCB.

(xxiv) Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provisions of Fly Ash Notification of September 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003. (The above conduion is applicable only if the project site is located within the I(n)Km

of Thermal Power Stations).

(xxv) Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.

(xxxi) The approval of competent authority shall be obtained for structural safety of the huildings due to any possible earthquake, adequacy of fire fighting equipments etc. as per National Building Code including measures from lighting.

(xxxii) Storin water control and its re-use as per CGWB and BIS standards for vurious

(xxviii)Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.

(xxix) The ground water level and its quality should be monitored regularly in consultation

with Ground Water Authority.

- (xxx) The installation of the Sawage Treatment Plant (STP) should be comfied by an independent expert and a report in this regard should be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated effluent caracating from STP shall be recycled/refused to the maximum extent possible. Treatment of Haris gray water by decentralized treatment should be done. Discharge of unused treated affluent shall conform to the norms and standards of the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem
- (\$33) Project proponent shall ensure completion of STP, MSW disposal facility prior to occupation of the buildings and should obtain completion certification for these systems/aspecis from MPCB.

(xxxii) Local body should ensure that no occupation certification is issued prior to operation of STP/MSW site etc. with due permission of MPCB.

(xxxiii)Permission in draw ground water shall be obtained from the competent Authority: prior to construction/operation of the project.

(xxxiv)Separation of gray and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing line

for separation of gray and black water. (XXXV) Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use of acrators or pressure reducing devices or sensor based control.

(xxxvi)The solid waste generated should be properly collected and segregated. Wet garbage should be composted and dry/inert solid waste should be disposed off to the approved sites for land filling after recovering recyclable material

(xxxvii) Use of glass may be reduced up to 40% to reduce the electricity consumption and load on airconditioning. If necessary, use high quality double glass with special

reflective coating in windows. (xxxviii) Roof should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code by using appropriate thermal insulation material to fulfil) requirement

(xxxix)Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs /TFLs for the fighting the areas outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning. Use CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off sent for recycling as per the prevaiting guidelines rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination. Use of solar panels may be done to the extent possible like installing solar street lights, common solar water

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heaters system. Project proponent should install, after checking feasibility, solar plus hybrid non conventional energy source as source of energy.

- (xi) Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of back up power for elevators and common area illumination during operation phase should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act. 19ht. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with Maharashtra Pollution Control Board.
- (xii) Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards. During nighttime the noise levels measured at the boundary of the building shall be restricted to the permissible levels to comply with the prevalent regulations.
- (xiii) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the rostis adjoining the proposed: project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space; should be utilized.
- (xliii) Opaque wall should meet prescriptive requirement as per Energy Conservation Building Code, which is proposed to be mandatory for all air-conditioned spaces while it is aspirational for non-air-conditioned spaces by use of appropriate thermal insulation material to (ulfil) requirement
- (xliv) The building should have adequate distance between them to allow movement of fresh air and passage of natural light, air and ventilation.
- (xlv) Regular supervision of the above and other measures for monitoring should be in place all through the construction phase, so as to avoid disturbance to the surroundings.
- (xivi) Under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, legal action shall be initiated against the project proponent if it was found that construction of the project has been started without obtaining environmental clearance.
- (xivii) Six monthly monitoring reports should be submitted to the Department and MPCB.
- (xlviii) A complete set of all the documents submitted to Department should be forwarded to the MPCB
- (xlix) In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by this Department.
- (I) No land development / construction work preliminary or otherwise relating to the project shall be taken up without obtaining due clearance from respective authorities.
- (ii) A separate environment management cell with qualified staff shall be set up for implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards.
- (iii) Separate funds shall be allocated for implementation of environmental protection measures/EMP along with item-wise breaks-up. These cost shall be included as part of the project cost. The funds carmarked for the environment protection measures shall not be diverted for other purposes and year-wise expenditure should reported to the MPCB & this department.
- (liii) The project management shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated in the region around the project, one of which shall be in the morathic tanguage of the local concerned within seven days of issue of this letter, informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and copies of clearance letter are available with the Maharashtra Pollution Control Board and may also be seen at Website at http://envis.onsharashtra.cov.in.
- (liv) Project management should submit half yearly compliance reports in respect of the stipulated prior environment clearance terms and conditions in hard & soft copies to the MPCB & this department, on 1 Jane & 1 December of each calcular year.
- (iv) A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by proponent to the concerned Municipal Corporation and the local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions representations, if

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any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance fetter shall also be

put on the website of the Company by the proponent.

(lvi) The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions. including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of McEf, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The centeria poliutant levels maniely: SPM, RSPM, SO2, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at u convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.

(lvii) The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data thath in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of MoEf. the

respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB.

(Ivili) The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31" March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, 68 amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF by e-mail.

The environmental clearance is being issued without prejudice to the cours case (lix) pending in the court of law and it does not mean that project proponent has not violated any environmental laws in the past and whatever decision of the flow ble court will be binding on the project proponent. Hence this clearance does not give

immunity to the project proponent in the case filed against him.

- 4. Project proponent should submit exactly same documents for approval of building plans to the concern authorities as per the documents submitted to the SEIAA for prior Environmental Clearance. If there is a any change stipulated by HRC / any other concern authorities then recust plan should be submitted to the Authority for approval.
- 5. If there is any change in local town planning rules including FSI, Non FSI, parking area; RG area etc which changes building plans, then Project Proponent should approach SEIAA again. It is the sole responsibility of the Project Proponent to submit the same building plans otherwise liable to initiate due action under E P Act.
- 6. Project proponent should submit exactly same documents for approval of building plans to the concern authority as per the documents submitted to the SEIAA for prior Environmental Clearance.
- 7. Project proponent shell not make any change in Layout Plan' Master Plan submitted to the Authority without its prior permission and shall submit approved levout plan to Department before commencement of construction work.
- B. in case of submission of false document and non compliance of subulated conditions, Authority/ Environment Department will revoke or suspend the Environmental Clearance without any infiniation and initiate appropriate legal action under Environmental Protection Act, 1986.
- 9. The Environment department reserves the right to add any stringent condition or to revolathe clearance if conditions stipulated are not implemented to the satisfaction of the department or for that matter, for any other administrative mason.

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- 10. Validity of Environment Clumpules: The environmental clearance accorded shall be valid for a period of 5 years.
- It, in case of any deviation or alteration in the project proposed from those submitted to this department for clearance, a fresh reference should be made to the department to assess the adequacy of the condition(s) imposed and to incorporate additional environmental protection measures required, if any.
- 12. The above stipulations would be enforced among others under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1984, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and rules there under Huzardous Wester (Management and Handling) Rules, 1989 and its amendments, the public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 and its amendments.
- 13. Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall be with the National Environmental Appellate Authority, if preferred, within 30days as prescribed under Section 11 of the National Environmental Appellate Act, 1997.

(Valsa R Nair Singh) Secretary, Environment department & MS, SEIAA

Copy to:

- Shri, Ashok Basak, IAS (Retd.), Chairman, SEIAA, 502. Charleville: A. Read. Church gate, Mumbai- 400 020, Maharashta.
- 2. Shr. P.M.A. Hakeem, IAS (Reid.), Chairman, SFAC, Jinging Konstrom Rand, Callent-673 006 Kerla.
- Additional Secretary, MORF, Paryavasan Blawan' CGO Complex. Local Band. New Delhi - 110510
- 4. Member Secretary, Maharashira Pollusion Control Board, with request to display of copy of the clearance.
- 5. The CCF, Regional Office, Ministry of Environment and Foresi (Regional Office, Western Region, Kendriya Paryavaran Bhavan, Link Road No. 3, E-5, Bavi-Shankat Nagar, Bhopal-462 (16). (MP)
- 6. Regional Office, MFCB, Mumbat.
- 7. Collection, Mumbai.
- 5. Commissioner, Britan Membel Municipal Corporation:
- 9. CEO, Sturn Rehabilitation Authority, Fundra (E)

- 10. IA- Division, Monitoring Celli, MoEF, Parysversal Bhavan, CGO Complex, Lodal, Road, New Delhi-110003.
- III. Director (TC-1), Dy: Secretary (TC-2), Separast-1. Environment Department,
- 12. Seides Die (TC-3),